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ಒಟ್ಟು ಮುದ್ರಿತ ಪುಟಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 8 ]

Total No. of Printed Pages : 8 ]

ಒಟ್ಟು ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಗಳ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : 57 ]

Total No. of Questions : 57 ]

ಸಂಕೇತ ಸಂಖ್ಯೆ : **85-E**Code No. : **85-E****CCE PR  
UNREVISED**Question Paper Serial No. **50**

ಇಲ್ಲಿಂದ ಕತ್ತರಿಸಿ

ವಿಷಯ : ಸಮಾಜ ವಿಜ್ಞಾನ

**Subject : SOCIAL SCIENCE**

( ಇಂಗ್ಲಿಷ್ ಭಾಷಾಂತರ / English Version )

( ಹಳೆ ಪಠ್ಯಕ್ರಮ / Old Syllabus )

( ಪುನರಾವರ್ತಿತ ಖಾಸಗಿ ಅಭ್ಯರ್ಥಿ / Private Repeater )

ದಿನಾಂಕ : 09. 04. 2020 ]

[ Date : 09. 04. 2020

ಸಮಯ : ಬೆಳಿಗ್ಗೆ 9-30 ರಿಂದ ಮಧ್ಯಾಹ್ನ-12-45 ರವರೆಗೆ ] [ Time : 9-30 A.M. to 12-45 P.M.

ಗರಿಷ್ಠ ಅಂಕಗಳು : 100 ]

[ Max. Marks : 100

**General Instructions to the Candidate :**

1. This Question Paper consists of 57 objective and subjective types of questions.
2. This question paper has been sealed by reverse jacket. You have to cut on the right side to open the paper at the time of commencement of the examination. Check whether all the pages of the question paper are intact.
3. Follow the instructions given against both the objective and subjective types of questions.
4. Figures in the right hand margin indicate maximum marks for the questions.
5. The maximum time to answer the paper is given at the top of the question paper. It includes 15 minutes for reading the question paper.

TEAR HERE TO OPEN THE QUESTION PAPER

ಪ್ರಶ್ನೆಪತ್ರಿಕೆಯನ್ನು ತೆರೆಯಲು ಇಲ್ಲಿ ಕತ್ತರಿಸಿ

Tear here



I. Four alternatives are given for each of the following questions / incomplete statements. Only one of them is correct or most appropriate. Choose the correct alternative and write the complete answer along with its letter of alphabet.



10 × 1 = 10

1. Iron Man of India is



(A) Mahatma Gandhi

(B) Dr. B. R. Ambedkar

(C) Sardar Vallabhbhai Patel

(D) Jawaharlal Nehru.



2. The province which was under the imperial rule of Portuguese even after Independence was

(A) Pondicherry

(B) Goa

(C) Karaikal

(D) Mahe.



3. "The relationship between India and Sri Lanka is historical." This statement is substantiated by



(A) India has good trade relation with Sri Lanka

(B) India gave military support to suppress LTTE

(C) Buddhism was spread by Indian monks in Sri Lanka

(D) India has maintained good ties with Sri Lanka in economic as well as in political field.



4. The term of office of the Secretary General of UNO is

(A) 3 years

(B) 4 years

(C) 5 years

(D) 6 years.



5. The factor that helps social harmony is

(A) Communalism

(B) Apartheid policy

(C) Casteism

(D) Education.



6. Retreating monsoon is also called as receding monsoon period because
- (A) South-West monsoon starts returning slowly during the month of October due to high pressure 
- (B) Wind stops blowing by the end of November 
- (C) In the month of October subcontinent of India receives rainfall and decreases in temperature 
- (D) The sunrays fall vertically over Southern hemisphere.
7. The largest multipurpose river valley project of India is
- (A) Bhakra Nangal  (B) Kosi 
- (C) Damodar  (D) Hirakud.
8. The cause for fiscal deficit is 
- (A) Revenue generates through disinvestment
- (B) Repayment of loans to the government
- (C) More expenditure of government
- (D) More receipts of government. 
9. Current Account is useful for businessmen because 
- (A) Bank does not give any interest on the deposits 
- (B) It includes limited deposits, withdrawal and contra-transaction
- (C) Bank collects service charges for this account
- (D) Amount can be withdrawn or deposited any number of times.
10. The objective of District Industrial Centre is to
- (A) encourage self employment 
- (B) establish industries in urban areas
- (C) provide integrated administrative support for promotion of small scale industries in rural areas 
- (D) develop industries of urban areas.

II. Answer the following questions in a sentence each :

14 × 1 = 14

11. What is Yuga ?

12. What is the main purpose of establishing Lokayukta ?

13. 1909 Minto-Morley reforms divided the Indians. How ?

14. UN Trusteeship Council has now become a small body. Why ?

15. Who is the father of White Revolution ?

16. Why did Silent Valley Movement take place ?

17. 'Nazi ideology destroyed Germany.' How ?

18. What is the purpose of 'From Drudgery to School' programme ?

19. Name the two important beverage crops grown in India.

20. What is Intensive farming ?

21. Coal is called as 'Black Diamond'. Why ?

22. Why is information technology called as knowledge based technology ?

23. Define 'Women Empowerment'.

24. Dr. Swaminathan is called as the 'Pioneer of Green Revolution'. Why ?

III. Answer the following questions in *two to four* sentences each :

25 × 2 = 50

25. What are the results of the third Anglo-Mysore War ?

26. "Scientific development led to sea voyages." Justify this statement.

27. What are the objectives of Aligarh Movement ?

OR

What are the visions of Ramakrishna Mission ?

28. Mention the reforms adopted by Lenin in Russia.

29. Explain Regionalism.

30. What are the causes for soil erosion ?



31. Explain the role played by India in upholding human rights all over the world. 
32. Mention the economic importance of Peninsular plateau of India. 
33. Explain Mob with an example. 
34. What are the measures taken to conserve forest ?
35. "G.P.S. is a pathfinder." How ? 
36. What are the effects of floods ?
37. Population explosion has harmful effect on economic development. How ?
38. List out the factors responsible for enhancing man's life expectancy. 
39. "Globalisation offers customers a wider choice of goods." How ?
40. Mention the important points of Regulating Act. 
41. Development in transport and communication led to the Independence struggle. How ? 
42. Name the objectives of UNO.
43. Rain water harvesting is compulsory today. Why ? 
44. List out the problems faced by India after independence.
45. What were the impacts of child labour ? 
46. India has propagated that Apartheid should not be upheld anywhere in the world. Justify. 
47. Mention the factors essential for growing cotton. 
48. Pre-harvest technology is different from post-harvest technology. How ?
49. Mention the objectives of World Trade Organisation. 

IV. Answer the following questions in *six* sentences each :



6 × 3 = 18



50. The reforms brought by the Britishers in India in the educational field were prominent. How ?



OR

1857 revolt impacted on Indians. How ?



51. Mention the objectives of the foreign policy of India.

OR

Explain India's relationship with Russia.



52. Explain the problems of road transport.

OR

What are the factors influencing the location of industries ?



53. What are the constitutional and legal measures undertaken to eradicate untouchability ?



OR

What are the differences between organised and unorganised workers ?

54. Explain the significance of rural development.



OR

Explain the difference between public finance and private finance.

55. Mention the advantages of opening a bank account.



OR

Mention the advantages of Insurance companies.



V. Answer the following question in about *eight to ten* sentences :



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56. Explain the role of Subhash Chandra Bose in India's freedom struggle.

VI. 57. Draw an outline map of India and mark the following :



1 + 3 = 4



a)  $23\frac{1}{2}^{\circ}$  Tropic of Cancer



b) Hirakud project



c) Bombay High

**Alternative Question for Blind Candidates only : (In lieu of Q. No. 57)**



What are the uses of Himalayas ?

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